The Adams Express Company places us daily under obligations to it for the very latest papers from the eastern cities.

The American Express Company has our thanks for its daily favors in the shape of the very latest eastern papers.

To the Union Democracy of Frank-

Notice is hereby given to the Union Democracy of Franklin county, to meet on FRIDAY, o'clock, p. m., in the townships, and six and fought well. MOHTA m., in the wards, at the usual places of holonag elections (excepting Norwich township, which will be held at SCHOFIELD's School House, and the 4th ward at Gaven's room, and the 1st ward at E. Bellen's), to appoint delegates to attend the County Convention, to meet at the City Hall, in the City of Columbus, on SATURDAY, the 3d of August, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention on the 7th of August, to nominate a State tick-

The following is the number of delegates al lotted to each ward, based upon the vote cast for Supreme Judge in 1860, allowing one for each fifty, and an additional delegate for each -anti-ne"of twenty five votes so cost.

ILECTION OF	PARKETA	-TYAC	TORGO ED DIASE.	CO. Bulletin
1st Ward.		7	Hamilton	To
24 "		- 5	Miffila	- 11
34		5	Washington	**
4th 11		6	Madison	- 11
5th II		13	Blendon	11
Montgomer	y To	6	Norwich	11
Truro	11	4	Jefferson	11
Prairie	- 11	3	Jacksou	11
Clinton	1 16	3	Sharon	41
Pleasant	11.	3	Franklin	
Brown	- 11	1	Plain	**
Perry	- 61	4	Marie Land	

WM. Domigan, H. W. Miller, John M. Pugh, J. Reishard, J. Reishard, J. Reishard, J. Reishard, JAMES HORLOCKER, SAM'L DOYLE, R. Pickearl, County Central Committee.

SATURDAY EVENING, July 20, 1860. At a meeting, held pursuant to notice, at the Galt House, by the Township and City Committee, it was resolved that the Democracy meet in their respective wards, and at their usual place of voting, on Wednesday evening, July 24d, and select delegates to attend a Township Convention to be held, at the City Hall, on Thursday evening, July 25th, for the nomination of a candidate for Justice of the Peace. Ist Ward, Galt House, -7 Delegates

Deshler's Flour Store, 5 31 United States, New England, -Union House, - 13

Township voters will meet between the hour

chair, and the Council adjourned

IJ PATRICE MALOV, a teamster in the employ of Messrs, CHAMPION & BROOKS, on Saturdny evening, while driving a load of wood across the railroad track on High street, lost his balance in attempting to replace a stick of wood which had been slipped out of place by the jostling of the load as the wheels of the wagon struck the railroad track. He fell to the ground and two of the wheels passed over his body. He died on Sunday morning, leaving a widow.

THE REBELLION RECORD .- We have frequently called attention to, and commended the "Rebeilion Record," edited by FRANK MOORE, published by G. P. Putnam, New York, and sold by R. KENNEDY, Columbus, O.

The matter in the "Record" is classified

I. A Diary of Verified Facts. 11. Poetry and Notable Incidents.

III. Documents, Speeches, and Extended

Each division is separately paged in each number, so that the volume, when bound, will be similarly divided, or each division may constitute a separate volume.

The "Record is published in two modes-in weekly numbers every Saturday, at 10 cents is one of the control o weekly numbers every Saturday, at 10 cents desire to have correct and full memoranda of the stirring events of this memorable period, ahead to batter the masked batteries that should possess the "Record."

IF Rev. G. T. FLANDERS, pastor of the First Universalist Church, Cincinnati, preached his Universalist Church, Cincinnati, preached his miles beyond Centerville, the greatest part of farewell sermon on Sunday last. He goes to the army moved to the right to avoid a bridge time a continual firing was kept up on both

The number of troops now in Camp Chase is 4,300. There are about thirty patients whom, in a great measure, the plan of the cam that of the United States force was only one in the Camp Hospital.

ErSeven convicts arrived at the Penitentiary

yesterday, from Hamilton county. IJ The force at Camp Chase was yesterday

afternoon augmented by the arrival of a company from Madison county.

morning for having broken a window in the jewelry establishment of William Blynn. The Mayor fined him five dellars and costs.

The 69th New York Regiment was assigned the post of honor in the advance. The members of the required have agreed to serve although their time is now out. All the New York regiments will follow this example. For five hours one steady column of troops are delicated upon to give the world that is not yours, but if you are willing to give a dollar, those pimples can every one be obliterated; they proceed from a humor in the blood that must be driven from it. A bottle of Kennedy's Medical Discovery will do this, and then your skin will become like alabaster. Surely you cannot doubt this fact when the worst cases of Scrofnia, Erysipelas, and all other kinds of humor are cured by the are willing to give a dollar, those pimples can every one be obliterated; they proceed from a humor in the blood that must be driven from the holood that must be driven from the holood that must be driven from the humor in the blood that must be driven to the kludden the residut, which is a distinct and the lattine the Ville, has been removed to the visinity of Cen dispersion prilible, has been removed to the visinity of Cen the humor in the United States is engaged in a conflict with a present in the frestent, and they are compelled to handoon the pre

SPECIAL DISPATCH PROM HON.

Gen. Schenck's Brigade- Good News for Columbus, Circleville & Zancsville-- The Ohio Boys Fought Well. WASHINGTON, July 22. EDITOR STATESMAN: - Gen. Schenck's Brigade

uffered considerably. Mone wounded or killed in Columbus, Circle ville and Zanesville companies. Young Charley McCook and a drummer kill

Several missing, but it is believed they will

turn up. The Ohio boys, here now, were once cut off Apour 2d, between the hours of THERE and six and followed by cavalry in retreat, but they

This city is in no immediate danger.

S. S. COX. A SECOND AND DESPERATE FIGHT

AT BULL'S RUN.

UNION FORCES VICTORIOUS!

The Rebeis Retreat to Manassas!!

## Great Loss of Life!

[Herald's Dispatch.

Washington, July 21 .- Official dispatche say we have taken three batteries in the form of a crescent, numbering nineteen guns. It is known that Manassas Junction is supplied with water by a canal from Bull's Run. This will now be cut off, leaving the rebels without water for their cavalry.

That a most brilliant victory has been achiev-

ed by our gallant troops there is no doubt.

High praise is bestowed on the Fire Zonaves and the 69th. It is reported the former met the Louisiana Zouaves, routed them and captured their colors-that the men of the 69th strippe to the skin, except their pants, and pitched into LATER.

Gen McDowell telegraphs that the enemy is completely routed from Bull's Run, and retreating towards Manassas, leaving the batteries in possession of the Union forces.

Fighting commenced at three o'clock this morning, and continued most desperately till after two o'clock this afternoon. The rebels were driven back, inch by inch, leaving their dead on the field. The loss of life on both sides was frightful. Our troops behaved most gallantly, and our guns were very effective.

gallantly, and our guns were very effective.

The whole force on both sides is said to have been engaged. Gen. Johnson having joined the tebels, as previously stated, made General Beauregard's force about 70,000. It is supposed that the rebels will suffer greatly at Manassas

for lack of water broughout our ranks.

Jeff. Davis is understood to be at Manassas Col. Cowden's, Massachusetts 1st Regiment,

Midnight.—The battle has been one of the severeal ward voters between the hours of 6 and 8 20 clock P. M. our troops had driven the energy o'clock P. M., at the places above designated, in the several Wards.

E. P. BELLER, Chairman.

There can be no doubt that their force was at least double ours. The Fire Zouaves were terribly cut up, while drawn up to make an attack. They were assailed by a concealed battery, with a strong support on their fiank, and a quorum. Mr. Borries was called to the were forced to break. It is said that Col. Farnham and Lieut Col. John Crigor are killed, but idly sent over and mounted. may not prove true.

The latter at all events was severely wound ed. Col. Hunter was wounded in the throat.— Col. Slocum of the 2nd Rhode Island and Capt. Towers of the 1st, are reported killed. Gov. Sprague had his horse shot under him. Major Ballou of the 2d Rhode Island, was severely wounded in the hand and thigh by a cannon ball. (Signed) H. J. RAYMOND.

[Times Washington Dispatch, of Sunday.] On Saturday night, before the fight, it is said, our troops numbered 45,000, and Patterson's column is reported as moving down the Winchester road, with 15,000 men, and is expected to join to day. Eleven thousand troops left Alexandria this morning. So by to-night we shall have a superior force there, although this morning we stood 45,000 against 60,000.

5:30 P. M.—Official dispatches now before the President and Generals Scott and Mansfield, corroborate previous accounts, and say that eye-

corroborate previous accounts, and say that every battery was taken, including their guns, etc.

The fight only ceased when the enemy retired to their Manassas lines.

And Colonel Alexander was about erecting a pontoon across Bull's Run, when a terrific consternation broke out among the teamsters, who had incautiously advanced immediately

[World's Special ]

CENTERVILLE, July 21 .- We have successful might be encountered on the way. There was no reply from the enemy, and the advance mov-

At Gen. McDowell's headquarters, three New York to take charge of the Occhard Street
Church in that city

The number of troops now in Camp

The num

paign is due. A general battle is expected to day or to-mor. row and which will probably decide the fate of tinued their march across Grand River, but they the whole campaign. If Johnson has not form were compelled to leave three of their baggage tirely cut off by the manawire, thrown back up-on the mountains, his army utterly demoralized and probably fall into the hands of McCletlan, pany from Madison county.

Who is advancing beyond the Blue Ridge; and if he has formed a junction with Beauregard, with a small force, having routed 1000 of the distributed 1,200 Bibles among the soldiers at Camp Chase. Four hundred of these were do-

Camp Chase. Four hundred of these were denated by the American Bible Society, of which the Society for this county is a branch.

If we are driven back she army can retreat upon Centerville and keep open communication. If Beauregard remains where he is, his communication in the rear is endangered, and Manassas being situated in the apex of a triangle formed by railroad, a movement in the rear would destroy his communications with Richmond. The only dauger the Federal troops and the run by this flank march would be the sudden advance of Beauregard upon Centerville, laterposing communication and cutting off our supplies, place them in an exhausted country and the communication was challed to effect a junction with the Confederates some time yesterday. Mc-place them in an exhausted country and the communication such that the company between the Federal troops and the Potomas.

If we are driven back the army can retreat at two o'clock, never giving way an itch nor removing the flag till after the rebels withdrew. The enemy attempted to flank them on the left with a company of cavalry, but were completely routed by a detailed force of 23 men under Capt. Butler.

Washington, If Beauregard remains where the flag till after the rebels withdrew. The enemy attempted to flank them on the left with a company of cavalry, but were completely routed by a detailed force of 23 men under Capt. Butler.

Washington, July 21.—It is undoubted that the Confederates some time yesterday. Mc-Dowell was to have moved on the enemy last evening.

Another dispatch easys these orders were country and the communication with the communication and the communication and the communication and the communication and the flag till after the rebels while at dinner. They planted their illag to the flag till after the rebels while at two o'clock, never giving while at dinner. They planted the removing the flag till after the rebels while at two o'clock, never giving while at dinner.

The second under the flag till after the rebels while at two o'clock,

The Secretary of War has received a dispatch that the fighting was renewed at Bull's Run this morning. Our troops engaged the enemy with a large force, ellenced the batteries, and drove the secessionists to the Junction. The city is wild with joy.

Firing was heard in this city to-day from the direction of Bull's Run, from eleven until about three ciclock, then a cessation till nearly five.

three o'clock, then a cessation till nearly five, and at seven this evening the vibration of cannon was still audible.

A gentleman arrived to night says at three o'clock this afternoon the Second and Third New Jersey Regiments were ordered to march forward from Vienna, first sending back their baggage to Camp Trenton. Other troops were hurrylog forward to the scene of hostilities, and there was much military excitement and bustle in the direction of all the camps.

## TERRIBLE DISASTER.

The Federal Army Repulsed, and Retreating on Washington.

HORRIBLE SLAUGHTER.

Washington, July 22, (via Philadelahia.)—
Our troops, after taking three batteries and gaining a great victory, were eventually repulsed and commenced a retreat on Washington.

Shire; lat and 22 knode island; 11st New York; 5th Massachusetts; lst Mionigau; 11th and 28th New York; 24 4th and 5th Maine and the 24 Vermont, besides the seval batteries.

strongly reinforced by fresh troops.

The carnage was tremendously heavy on both The carnage was termentously new sides, and on ours is represented as frightful We were advancing and taking their masked batteries gradually, but surely, and by driving the enemy towards Manassas Junction, where hey seemed to have been reinforced by General Johnson, who, it is understood, took command and immediately commenced driving us back, when a panic among our troops suddenly occur-

red, and a regular stampede took place.
It is thought that Gen. McDowell undertook
to make a stand at or about Centerville, but the panie was so fearful that the whole army became demoralized, and it was impossible to check them either at Centerville or Fairfax Court House.

Gen. McDowell intended to make another stand at Fairfax Court House, but our forces be-

ing in full retreat, he could not accomplish the object. Beyond Fairfax Court House, the retreat was kept up until the men reached their regular encampments, a portion of whom re-turned to them, but a still larger portion coming inside the entrenchments.

A large number of the troops in their retreat

fell on the wayside from exhaustion, and scattered along the route, all the way from Fairfax 5,000. use. The road from Bull's Run was strewed with knapsacks, arms, etc., some of our troops deliberately throwing away their guns and appurtenances, the better to facilitate their

Gen. McDowell was in the rear of the retreat, exerting himself to rally his men, but only with partial effect. The latter part of the army, it is said, made their retreat in order. His or-

for lack of water

The Herald correspondent says, when I left the field of battle I saw the rebels flying in vast numbers. The greatest enthusiasm prevails the number of cavalry. He further says, owing to newly arrived comrades. They knew that the themselvent one makes a constant of the first action at Bull's regard on the night of the first action at Bull's Rnn. Our men could distinctly hear the care to coming in from Managem Junction and the number of cavalry. He further says, owing to newly arrived comrades. They knew that the re-enforcements from Richmond, Strasburg and other points, the enemy's effective force was

According to the statement of two of the Col. Cowden's, Massachusetta 1st Regiment, were fired on by rebel pickets several times, as they slept on the road on their arms.

[Times Correspondence.]

Midnight.—The battle has been one of the severest ever fought on this continent. Up to

An officer just from Virginia, at 10:30, reports that the road from Centerville to the Potomac is strewed with stragglers. The troops are resuming the occupation of the fortifications an intrenchments on the line of the Potomac. Col. Heintzelman was also wounded in the

wrist, in addition to those reported yesterday.
It is said that Col. Wilcox, the gallant commander of a brigade, was killed. Also, Capt. McCook, a brother of Col. McCook, of Ohio. The city this morning is in the most extreme excitement. Wagons are constantly arriving,

after the body of the army, and lined the War

The enemy attempted with an immense force to turn our right flank, which came near being successful, when our large siege gun, a 32-pounder, opened fire, causing tremendous havor on the enemy and routing them.

The Members and Senators who came in, as well as civilians, vary in their estimates of killed from 300 to 3,000. The facts cannot yet killed from 300 to 3,000. The facts cannot yet slons, caused by a change of position of our batsions, caused by a change of position of our bat-teries. It is most probable that the alarm was owing to the same fact.

Union Victory in Missouri.

Kansas Cirr, July 20 .- By a special messen ger, just arrived, we learn the following: At 20 minutes past two o'clock, on the 18th, Major Van Horn's command of United States Reserve Home Guards, of this place, number ing about 170 men, was attacked by 500 rebels under Capt. Duncan, 3 miles north of Harrison

At 20 minutes past six, the rebels withdrew, leaving the U. S. troops victorious.

The loss of the rebels was 14 killed, includ-

At 12 o'clock the United States troops ed a junction with Beauregard, he will be en- wagone on the bank of the river in consequence

of high water.

Major Van Horn left this city on the morning or the 17th, for the purpose of reinforcing Major Dean, now holding West Point, Missouri, with a small force, having routed 1000 of the

Gallantry of the Ohio Boys.

Report that Gen. Patterson has

Washington, July 22.—The Rhode Island battery was captured at the bridge across Bull's Run, where their retreat was cut off. Their It is reported that the Black Horse Cavalry

made an attack on the rear of our retreating army, when the remnant of the Fire Zouaves turned and fired, killing all but six of them. The 71st New York lost about half their The following regiments were engaged in the

The following regiments were engaged in the fight: 1st, 2d and 3d Connecticut Regiments; 1st Regiment of Regulars, composed of the 2d, 3d and 8th companies; 250 Marines; the 8th and 14th New York militia; 2d New Hampshire; 1st and 2d Rhode Island; 71st New York; 5th Massachusetts; 1st Minnesota; 1st Michigau; 11th and 28th New York; 2d 4th and 5th Maine and the 2d Vermont, besides the sev-

The retreat was in good order, with the rear well covered by a good column. Our loss 2,500 ed and wounded:

Killed—Capt. McCook and Lieut. Colonel
Killed—Capt. McCook and Lieut. Gordon, Creighton of the Zouaves; Captain Gordon, Company H, 11th Massachusetts; Col. Slocum of the 22d New York; Col. Wilcox of the 1st Michigan.

WOUNDED-Col. Thompson of the 2d New York; Col Farnham of the Fire Zouaves; Col. Hunter, U. S. A ; Col. Corcoran of the 69th N. Y.; Col. Clark of the 11th Mass.; Capt. Rickets of the artillery.

It is vaguely reported that Gen. Patterson's division arrived in the vicinity of Manassas this afternoon, and commenced an attack on

the rebel forces. He was within 25 miles o the battle ground yesterday; but the exhausted condition of his men prevented him from comng to Gen. McDowell's aid. It is also reported that 40,000 of our troops have been sent to Fairfax from the other side

of the river.

Lieut. Col. Fowler, of the New York 14th wounded; Col Lawrence, of the Mass. 5th, and Capt. Ellis, of the lat New York, badly wounded; Col. Farnham and Major Lozier, of the New York Zonaves, are wounded. It is probable that the number of killed and wounded is magnified by a large number who are missing. The lowest estimate of killed and wounded may be placed at from 4,000 to

It is known that on the day previous to the battle, a large number of the Ohio Regiments publicly protested against being led by Gen. Schenck; and it was only through the importuni-ties of Col. McCook (in whom they placed all confidence), and other officers, that they were prevented from making a most formidable re-

bellion. It was well known to our troops yesterday, ders on the field did not at all times reach those that Johnson had formed a juncture with Beaufor whom they were intended. newly arrived comrades. They knew that the enemy was superior in numbers, and in their own position. This was further confirmed by prisoners taken; but these facts were probably unknown at Washington.

General Schenck, as well as older field officers acted admirably. He collected his forces and covered the retreat, and up to the last moment

Southern account of the Battle. FROM RICHMOND (via New ORLEANS), July ing when Green shot him.

2 - Yesterday the fight commenced near Ma-22 -Yesterday the fight commenced near Manassas at four o'clock in the morning, and be- Green shot Tompkins with came general about twelve-continued until Tompkins has been engaged to send contraband

leaving us in possession of the field.

Sherman's celebrated battery of Light Artillery was taken. It was a terrible battle, with great slaughter ers, not examined before the Coroner, say on both sides. It is impossible to give the details to-night.

More Disasters. tensest degree disastrons. Many confused statements are prevalent, but enough is known to warrant the statement that we have suffered a committee of the Navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the Navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the committee of the navy Yards at Pensacola and Norfolk, with power to send for persons and papers—referred to the commit Washington, July 22 .- After the latest inforwarrant the statement that we have suffered a defeat which has cast a gloom over the rem-nants of the army, and excited the deepest melancholy through Washington.

Synopsis of Jefferson Davis's Mes-New Orleans, July 20 .- Jeff. Davis's inaugural calls attention to the causes which formed he Confederacy, and says it is now only necessary to call attention to such facts as have oc-curred during the recess, and to matters in conection with the public defense. He congratulates Congress on the accessions to the Confederacy of the free and equal sovereign States,

vealed by the message of their President.

The action of their Congress at the present session confesses the intention of subjugating the seceded States by war, the folly of which is equaled only by its wickedness, a war by which it is impossible to attain the proposed results. Whilst its dire calamities cannot be avoided by as, it will fall doubly severely on themselves. Commencing in March last with an affectation of ignorance of the secession of seven States, which organized the Confederate Goveroment, persisting in April in the absurd as-sumption of the existence of a riot, which was to be dispersed by a posse comitatus, and rep-resentations, that these States intended an offensive war, in spite of conclusive evidence to the contrary, furnishes, as well by the official action of the President of the United States, that he and his advisers have succeeded in deceiving the people of these States into the belief that the purpose of this Government is not peace at home, but conquest abroad; not the defense of our liberties, but the subversion of the people of

Fortunately for the truth of history, Lincoln's message minutely details the attempt to rein-force Fort Pickens in violation of the armistice of which he confessed that he had been inform WASHINGTON, July 21.—It is undoubted that create attention. The hostile expedition dis-obnson was enabled to effect a junction with patched to supply Fort Sumter is admitted to have been undertaken with the knowledge that

Its success was impossible.

The sending of a notice to the Governor of The sending of a notice to the Governor of South Carolina of the intention to use force to accomplish the object, and quoting from the inaugural, that there will be no conflict unless those States were the aggressors, he proceeds to declare that his conduct in the past as well for the future was in the performance of this promise, which could not be misunderstood. He charges these States with being the assailants of the Union, and states that the world

decisive, and professes that even an increase force is required.

cannot misunderstand this unfounded pretense. Lipcoln professes to make the contest sharp and

Partial List of Killed and Wounded.

Gallantry of the Ohio Boys.

United States, for they are now waging an indiscriminate war upon them with a savage ferecity unknown to modera civilization.

He compares the present invasion to that of Great Britain in 1781, which was conducted in a more civilized manner. Mankind shuddered at the outrages committed on defenseless for males, who depict the a horror at the deliberate malignity with which, under the pretense of suppressing insurrection, they make special war on sick women and children, by carefully devised measures to prevent their obtaining medicine

eccessary for their care.
The sacred claims of humanity are respected by all nations, by a careful deviation of an at-tack on hospitals, which are now outraged by a government which pretends the desire to continue fraternal connections. Such outrages admit of no retaliation, unless the actual perpe trators are captured.

Taylor's mission to Washington was, to pro-pose the exchange of prisoners taken in the privateer Savannah and to inform Lincoln of the determined purpose to check all barbarities on prisoners of war by such retaliation, and efectually put an end to such practices. Lincoln promises a reply, but none has yet been re

In reference to the peculiar States, usually termed Border Slave States, which cannot prop-erly be withheld from notice; the bearts of our cople are animated by the sentiments toward he inhabitants of these States, which found expression in your ensetment in refusing to consider them enemies, or authorize

against them.
A large portion of the people of those State regard us as brethren; if unrestrained by the ctual presence of large armies, and the subversion of civil authority by the declaration of martial law, some of them at least would joy

fully unite with us.

That they are almost with entire unanimity pposed to the prosecution of the war waged against us, the daily recurring events fully war rant the assertion.

The President of the United States refuses to

ecognize in these our late sister States the right of refraining from an attack on us, and justifies his refusal by the assertion that the States have no other power than that reserved to them in the Union by the Constitution, so one of them having been a State out of the

derstood that Col. Wilcox, reported as killed, is living, though badly wounded.

Sr. Louis, July 22 .- Over \$2,000 worth of medicines belonging to Mr. Kelly, of the firm of Garnhart & Kelly of this city, destined South, was seized at Cape Girardeau, on the steamer Memphis, by Col. Marsh, of the 20th Illinois Regiment encamped at that point.
Ten wagons, laden with eighty-five men, women and children, arrived last night from Texas county, Mo. These people were driven

from their homes by the secessionists. in an orderly and well behaved condition. The Federal troops in that county are having an excellent effect upon the secessionists

LOUISVILLE, July 22 - John W. Tompkins, formerly Clerk of the Board of Aldermen, reformerly Cierk of the Board of Aldermen, recently a violent secessionist and recruiting officer of the Southern Confederacy, was shot dead this afternoon by Henry Green, a city watchman. Tompkins was halloing for Jeff.

Davis, and was requested to desist by Green, but was retreat-

about seven, when the Federal troops retired, articles southward by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad during the past week, and has been the main cause of the recent midnight disturbances at the depot of the road. Outsid-Tompkins fired a pistol at Green, before Green

Thirty-seventh Congress-Extra Ses-

on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Johnson, of Tennessee, introduced a bill to provide for the transportation of arms and munitiens of war to loyal citizens of States new in rebellion, and to provide for organizing them into regiments, etc. He said that loyal citizens in those states felt that the Government was bound to protect them against invasion and insurrection. Referred to committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Trumbull introduced a bill to provide for the holding of the Circuit and District Courts duri noting of the Circuit and District Courts during temporary insurrection—referred to the committee on Judiciary.

The bill providing for the construction of one or mors iron clad war vessets was laid over.

The resolution approving the acts of the President was

lates Congress on the accessions to the Confederacy of the free and equal sovereign States, mentioning several States, and says it was deemed advisable to remove the several departments and archives to Richmond, to which place Congress has already been removed as the seat of government.

After the adjournment of Congress the aggressive movements of the enemy required prompt and energetic action. The accumulation of the enemy's forces on the Potomac sofficiently demonstrates that his efforts are directed against Virginia, and from no point could measures for her defense and protection be so efficiently directed as from his own capital. The rapid progress of the last few months has stripped the veil behind which the true policy, and purposes of the Lincoln Government were previously concealed, which are now fully revealed by the message of their President.

The action of their Congress at the present the Lincoln of their Congress at the present the Lincoln. The action of their Congress at the present the Lincoln of their President.

The action with the free and equal sovereign States, mentioning several States, and says it was demonstrate to do to enforce the law and Government, was right and proper, even though ha might have committeed an infraction of the authority delegated to him, but he wond not suspension there, except it was evident the Juion.

After the adjournment of Congress the aggressive movements of the enemy required prompt and energetic action. The accumulation of the enemy's forces on the Potomac sofficiently demonstrates that his efforts are directed against Virginia, and from no point could measures for her defense and protection be so officiently directed as from his own capital.

The rapid progress of the last few months has stripped the veil behind which the true policy and purposes of the Lincoln Government were previously concealed, which are now fully revealed by the message of their President.

The action of these constitution, but not a layer of the said that whatever happens, his own St Mr. Latham spoke and alluded to his friends, Breckin Mr. Rice said he wished to indorse all that had been

that whatever happens, his own State will stand firm b and by his friend from California.
On motion of Mr. Johnson of Tennessee, the subject was postponed till Monday. Adjourned. Washington, July 22.
SENATE.—The bill to provide for iron clad ships and

oating batterses was passed

The joint resolution providing for a Board of Exam ners to examine Stevene's floating battery at Hoboken, (.J., was passed. The bill providing for the confiscation of property of chels found in arms against the Government, was taken Mr. Trumbull offered an amendment, providing that

any person, held to service or labor, employed or in any way alding the Government, shall be forfeited to his Mr. Breckinsidge asked for the year and nays. Agreto.

Mr. Trumbull said he was glad ayes and nays were called; for he wanted to see who would vote to allow traitorous masters to employ slaves to shoot down Union

traitorous masters to employ slaves to shoot down Union men.

Mr. Wilson said he should vote for it, gladly.

He thought the time had some when the government should put a stop to traitors employing bondmen in abooting down men lighting for their constry. He hoped there was a public scatiment which would blast any genator who defends such things.

Mr. Breckhridge responded.

The samendment was agreed to—yeas 52, nays 6.

Messrs. Brecktoridge, Johnson of Mo., Kennedy, Pearce, Polk and Powell, voting in the negative.

The joint resolution approving the acts of the President was postponed notil Wednesday. After an executive session, the bill to lorease the military establishment which was returned from the Hisose with amendments was taken up.

A message was received from the President.

Executive session adjourned.

House—Mr. Crittenden introduced a resolution

Booker-Mr. Orticenden introduced a resolution as follows:

Besolved. That the present deplorable civil war was forced on the country by the disunionists of the seven. States now in revolt against the constitutional Government. in arms around the Capitol.

Adopted—yeas 121, nays 2; mamely Barrett and Reed of Missouri. The remainder of the resolutions were adopted-117 against 2.

A resolution passed thanking the 6th Massachuseits Regiment for the alacrity with which they responded to the call of the President, also to the five hundred and twenty Pennsylvanians who passed through the Baltimore mee, April 18th, on their way to defend the National Capital.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 22. In general business there was to-day not much attrperhaps less than usual for Baturday. The Grocers feel
very secure in the position taken as to leading staples,
and some 'f them are quite out of the market to any but
their regular customers. Prime augars are now mostly
held at 8 %c. Prime coffee at 15 %@lfc. Molasses at
1100328.

JIGESE

PLOUR—The market is unchanged in tone and in prices. Buyers still require the better grades, though the demand for army supplies runs steadily on the lower grades of superfine.

WHEAT—Was in better request, and the scarcity of old makes the new more marketable. Prime old red will bring 85c, and prime new cannot be had at less than 75c; white is hald at 90:681 00, the latter figure for prime new Kentucky. CORN-Cannot be quoted above 28c, though seller

CORN—Cannot be quown
are not free at that figure.
OATS—Are unchanged.
BARLEY—Is entirely neglected.
RYE—Will not bring over 40c.
WHISKY—Is kept at 13c without difficulty.
Commercial.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, July 20, 1861. FLOUR—Bales of 188 bbis superfine at \$3.50, and 30 bbis Indiana XX at \$4.25.

WHEAT—Little doing, as is usual on Batnrady.—
Sales of 1 car red and 150 bu do. at 90c. on track; 150 ba white on track at 90c; and 800 bu do. from store at

1 00.

CORN—No sales reported.

OATS—Quiet at 22c.

HIGHWINES—Sales of small lots at 14/4c. EGGS-Dull at Sc. BUTTER-Remains dull at 6@90. Leader.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW. An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, present to the attention of mothers, her

the 800 THING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

Washington, July 22.—The number of killed and wounded is gradually decreasing. Six ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is hundred Z ways have contact the second section. hundred Zouaves have returned. It is now un- SUME TOREGULATE THE BOWELS. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves

BELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS. Washington, July 22.—General McClellan has been summond by the Government from Western Virginia, to repair to Washington to take command of the Potomac. Gen. Resecrans takes his place in command of the army in Western Virginia.

The corps d'armee at Washington is to be instantly re-organized and increased. These orders have already been given.

Hellief and Hellief for over ien years, and OAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH, of it, what we have never been able to say of any other meditative —NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one or dissatisfaction by any one or dissatisfaction of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after theayrap is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SELLIFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with MEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

TEROUSAN BS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, out invigor ates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost injustantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE EGWELS, AND WIND COLIC Accounts from Calloway county represent it and overcome convusions, which, if not speedily reme died, end in death. We believe it the BEST and SURBELS, and believe it the BEST and SURBELS, and WIND COLIUMATERS A presidinces nor the presiding of others at and between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—yes. ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Bold by all Druggists throughout the world.



NEWARK MACHINE WORKS.

NEWARK OHIO. Manufacturers of all kinds of Por-table and Stationary Steam Eu-gines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, &c., &c.

ANE & BODLE's Beaten! H. & F. BLAND'Y Beaten J. & J. H. DUVALL Beaten !!! COLUMBUS MACHINE CO. Beaten !!!! BRADFORD & CO. Beaten ! ! !!!
Our Portable Engine and Saw Mill Was awarded the first premium of \$50 at the Indiana State Fair for 1960 over Lane & Bodley's on account of Price, lightness, simplicity, economy of fuel

and superior character of lumber sawed. our Stationary Engine was awarded at the same Fair the first premium of \$200.

Our Portable Engine was awarded the first premium of \$200.

Our Portable Engine was awarded the first premium of \$100 at the Fair at Memphis, Tenn., over Blandy's Du vall's, Columbus Machine Co's., and Bradford & Co's. by a committee of practical Railroad Engineers.

For price and terms address

WILLARD WARNER, Treasurer, dec5-d&wigeois.

ARRIVALS

Summer Millinery

The Stock Replenished DAILY

FROM LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF

NEW YORK. MY STOCK OF Spring & Summer Millinery Is now complete, comprising every variety of Milla-

ery; also, a large assortment of Embroideries, Hosiery and Notions, &c., and in quantities and prices that can-

not fall to suit all who may favor us with a call. The

MILLINERY

goods have been bought at Panic prices, and will be sold at a small advance on cost.

Miss M. E. YOUNG, late of New York City, will enperintend the Millinery Department. Her long experience in the most Fashionable Establishment is Broadway will alone be a warranty that she will be able to give entire satisfaction in matters of taste to all who may favor her with their orders. The Ladies of Columbus and vicinity will piease accept my sincere thanks for their liberal patronage, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same

R. H. WARE 68 East Town St., Columbus, O.

Ohio White Sulphur Springs, DELAWARE CO., OHIO. THIS FAVORITE RESORT WILL BE OPEN FOR VISITORS,

June 10, 1861.

LIES DESIRING BOARDING DURING THE SPASON, CAN ES ACCOMMODATED AT REDUCED RATES. FOR ROOMS OR INFORMATION. ADDRESS J. A. SWAYNIE.

Lewis Center P. O., Delsware Co., Ohio

They go Right to the Spot.

natant Heliet! Stop your Cough! Purity your Breath! Strengthen your Voice!

SPALDING'S HROAT CONFECTIONS,

GOOD FOR CLERGYMEN.

GOOD FOR LECTURERS, GOOD FOR PUBLIC SPEAKERS, GOOD FOR SINGERS,

GOOD FOR CONSUMPTIVES GENTLEMEN CARRY

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS. LADIES ARE DELIGHTED WITH

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS. CHILDREN CRY FOR

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS. They relieve a Cough instantly.

They clear the Throat. They give strength and volume to the voice-They impart a delicious aroma to the breath. They are delightful to the taste. They are made of simple herbs and cannot

harm any one. I advise every one who has a Cough or a husky Voice or a Bad Breath, or any difficulty of the Throat, to get a package of my Throat Confections; they will relieve you instantly, and you will agree with me that "they go right to the spot " You will find them very useful and pleasant while traveling or attending public meetings for stilling your Cough or allaying your thirst If you try one package, I am safe in saying that you will ever afterwards consider them indispensable.

You will find them at the Druggists and Dealers in

> PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS:

My signature is on each package. All others are A package will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of

Henry C. Spalding.

NO. 49 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK And the second second

NervousHeadache

at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained. They seldom fall in removing the Nausea and

They act gently upon the bowels-removing Costi For Literary Men. Students, Delicate Female and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valua as a Lamatics, improving the appetite, giving tone proof to the digestive organs, and restoring the natur lasticity and strength of the whole system. THE CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long inves igation and carefully conducted experiments, having con in use many years, during which time they have revented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffer ng from Headache, whether originating in the nervous ystem or from a deranged state of the stomach. They are entirely vegetable in their composition, an

disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer then children. BEWARE OF COUNTE AFEITS! The genuine have five signatures of Henry O spalding

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicia

48 Cedar Street, New York

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va. Cephalic Pilis accomplish the object for which they sere made, viz.: Ours of headsche in all its forms. From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.

If you are, or have been, troubled with the headach send for a box, (Cephalic Pilis,) so that you may ha them in case of an attack. From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.

From the Western R. B. Gazette, Chicago, Ill. We heartily endorse Mr. Spanlding, and his unrivaled

From the Kanawha Valley Star, Kanawha, Va. We are sure that persons suffering with the headach the try them, will stick to them. From the Southern Path Finder, New Orleans, La.

nonse demand for the article (Cephalic Pills From the Gazette, Davemport. Iowa.

Mr. Spaiding would not connect his name with as article he did not know to nossess real merit.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE! SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE! SPACDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

BONOMY! DISCATOR DISCA As accidents will happen, even in well regalies, it is very desirable to have some cheapenient way for repairing Furniture, Tops, SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can affor to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sti-ing point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOURE."

N. H. —A Brash accompanies each bottle.

address.

HENRY O. SPAEDING,

No. 45, Coday Street, New York. CAUTION -

CHE CURE CURE

Winds of Headache

ache to which females are so subject.

may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of uny

on each Box.

A Box will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of the Price, 25 Cents. All orders should be addressed to HENRY C. SPALDING,

They have been tested in more than a thousand case From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn

The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been dis-

Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can From the St. Louis Democratic COO STINE

GLUS will save ten times its cost annualty.